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OMB APPROVAL OMB Number: 3234-0123 Expires: October 31, 2004 Estimated average burden

hours per response....12.00

#### ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5 PART 111**

SEC FILE NUMBER **8-67536** 

#### **FACING PAGE**

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/07	AND ENDING	12/31/07	
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY	
A. REGISTRA	ANT IDENTIFI	CATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:	-		OFFICIAL USE ONLY	
North Nassau Advisors, LLC ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINES	SS: (Do not use P.	O. Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.	
485 Underhill Blvd., Suite 103			<del></del> -	
•	lo. and Street)			
Syosset	NY		11791	
(City)	(State)	(	Zip Code)	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose	ANT IDENTIF  opinion is contain  al. state last, first, m  Atlanta	(Area ( ICATION  ed in the Report*	5) 921-8082 Code - Telephone Numbe	
(Address)	(City)	(6 )	(a) 0 ± )	
CHECK OVE		PHO	CESSED	
CHECK ONE:  Certified Public Accountant		MAR	MAR 2 4 2008	
☐ Public Accountant ☐ Accountant not resident in United St	ates or any of its	possessions. THO	THOMSON	
FOR OF	FICIAL USE ON	ILY		

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

> Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)



#### OATH OR AFFIRMATION

l,	Frank Baiata	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my
knowled	ge and belief the accompanying finan	cial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
North	Nassau Advisors, LLC	, as
of	December 31	
neither th	he company nor any partner, proprietor	, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
classified	I solely as that of a customer, except as	s follows:
This rep	Notary Public Notary Public Qualified in	Signature  Signature  Title  I. BIERMAN  I. State of New York  2BI6092146  In Nassau County  Expires 05/12/20  Be boxes):
***	<ul><li>(a) Facing Page.</li><li>(b) Statement of Financial Condition</li></ul>	ion.
	<ul><li>(c) Statement of Income (Loss).</li><li>(d) Statement of Changes in Fina</li></ul>	ocial Condition
彙	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	kholders' Equity or Partners" or Sole Proprietors" Capital.
	· ·	ilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
	(g) Computation of Net Capital.	CD
25 50		on of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.  Ossession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
	(j) A Reconciliation, including a	oppropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under tion for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit
		audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with
	respect to methods of consolidation.	Dation.
	(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplement	ntal Report.
H		ial inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the
_	date of the previous audit	

<sup>\*\*</sup>For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17z-5(e)(3).

NORTH NASSAU ADVISORS, LLC
Financial Statements
For the Year Ended
December 31, 2007
With
Independent Auditor's Report

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

2120 Powers Ferry Road Suite 350 Atlanta, GA 30339 Office: 770 690-8995

Fax: 770 980-1077

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Member North Nassau Advisors, LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of North Nassau Advisors, LLC, as of December 31, 2007 and the related statements of operations, changes in member's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of North Nassau Advisors, LLC, as of December 31, 2007 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the Schedules I, II and III is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

February 27, 2008 Atlanta, Georgia

RUBIO CPA, PC

Mulio CAA, PC

#### NORTH NASSAU ADVISORS, LLC STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2007

#### **ASSETS**

	2	2007	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,410	
Due from broker-dealer		6,355	
Accounts receivable		14,826	
Prepaid expenses		2,806	
Other assets		1,445	
Total Assets	\$	37,842	
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY			
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	6,259	
Total Liabilities		6,259	
MEMBER'S EQUITY		31,583	
Total Liabilities and Member's Equity	<u>\$</u>	<u>37,842</u>	

### NORTH NASSAU ADVISORS, LLC STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

		2007
REVENUES		
Commissions	\$	59,247
Advisory fccs		49,531
Other income		36,007
Total revenues		144,805
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		
Employee compensation and benefits		45,104
Commissions		1,800
Communications		5,256
Occupancy		16,638
Regulatory fees		8,650
Other operating expenses		78,754
Total expenses		156,202
NET INCOME (LOSS)	<u>\$</u>	(11,397)

## NORTH NASSAU ADVISORS, LLC STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

		2007
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operations:	\$	(11,397)
Increase in due from broker-dealer		(6,355)
Increase in accounts receivable		(14,826)
Increase in prepaid expenses and other assets		(4,251)
Increase in accounts payable		6,259
NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(30,570)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:  Member contributions  Distributions to member		80,000 (39,860)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES		40,140
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		9,570
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BALANCE: Beginning of year		2,840
End of year	<u>\$</u>	12,410

### NORTH NASSAU ADVISORS, LLC STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S EQUITY For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

Balance, December 31, 2006	\$	2,840
Member contributions		80,000
Distributions to member		(39,860)
Net income (loss)		(11,397)
Balance, December 31, 2007	<u>\$</u>	31,583

#### NORTH NASSAU ADVISORS, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2007

#### NOTE A — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and Description of Business: North Nassau Advisors, LLC (the "Company"), a Delaware Limited Liability Company organized in August 2006, is a securities broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"). In addition, the Company is a registered investment advisor.

The Company operates as a "general securities" broker-dealer primarily brokering variable annuities and insurance but also executing trades for retail customers. The Company does not carry customer accounts or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities. Customers of the Company are introduced to another broker-dealer that utilizes a clearing agent on a fully disclosed basis. The Company's customers are located throughout the United States.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents:</u> The Company considers all cash and money market instruments with a maturity of ninety days or less to be cash and cash equivalents.

<u>Income Taxes:</u> The Company is taxed as a sole proprietorship. Therefore the income or losses of the Company flow through to its member and no income taxes are recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

<u>Estimates:</u> Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were assumed in preparing the financial statements.

<u>Securities Transactions</u>: Customer's securities transactions are reported on a settlement date basis, generally the third business day following the trade date. The effect of recording these transactions at settlement rather than trade-date basis is not material.

#### NOTE B --- NET CAPITAL

The Company, as a registered broker dealer is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 8 to 1. At December 31, 2007, the Company had net capital of \$16,781, which was \$11,781 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000 and its ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .37 to 1.0.

#### NORTH NASSAU ADVISORS, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2007

#### NOTE C — OFF BALANCE SHEET RISK

In the normal course of business, the Company's customers execute securities transactions through the Company. These activities may expose the Company to off balance sheet risk in the event the customer or other broker is unable to fulfill its contracted obligations and the Company has to purchase or sell the financial instrument underlying the contract at a loss.

#### NOTE D — RECEIVABLE FROM BROKER-DEALER

The amount receivable from a broker-dealer is an investment in money market assets.

#### NOTE E - LEASE AGREEMENT

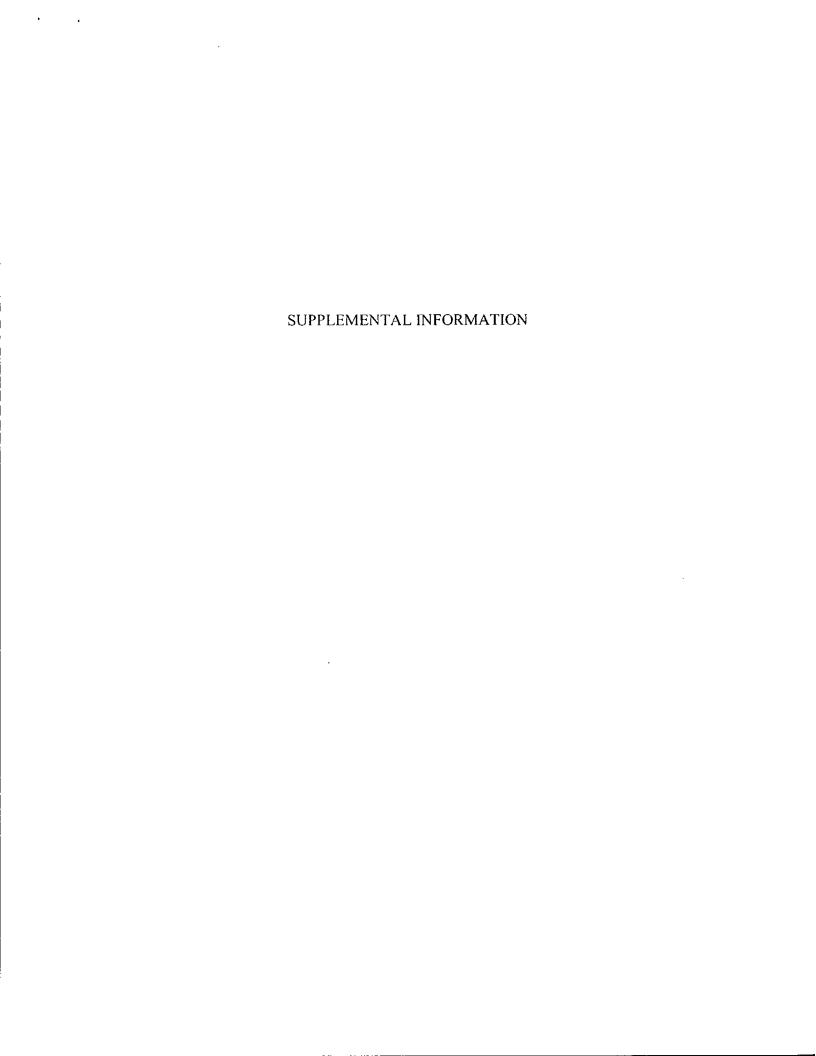
The Company leases its office premises under a lease which expires February 2012. The lease commitment under the premises lease as of December 31, 2007 is approximately the following:

2008	\$ :	20,000
2009		20,000
2010		20,000
2011		20,000
2012		3,000
	\$	83,000

For the year ended December 31, 2007, rent expense amounted to \$16,638.

#### NOTE H — LITIGATION

The Company is subject to arbitration and litigation in the normal course of business. There is no litigation in progress at December 31, 2007.



#### SCHEDULE I NORTH NASSAU ADVISORS, LLC

#### COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION ACT OF 1934 AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2007

#### **NET CAPITAL:**

Total members' equity	\$ 31,583
Less nonallowable assets: Prepaid expenses Other assets Accounts receivable	(2,806) (1,445) (10,424) (14,675)
Net capital before haircuts	16,908
Less haircuts	(127)
Net capital Minimum net capital required	16,781 5,000
Excess net capital	<u>\$ 11,781</u>
Aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 6,259</u>
Net capital based on aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$782</u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u>37 to 1.0</u>

RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL INCLUDED IN PART IIA OF FORM X-17A-5 AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2007

There is no significant difference between net capital reported in Part IIA of Form X-17a-5 and net capital as shown above.

#### NORTH NASSAU ADVISORS, LLC

# SCHEDULE II COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2007

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, pursuant to paragraph (k)(2)(ii) of the rule.

## SCHEDULE III INFORMATION RELATING TO THE POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2007

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, pursuant to paragraph (k)(2)(ii) of the rule.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

2120 Powers Ferry Road Suite 350 Atlanta, GA 30339 Office: 770 690-8995

Fax: 770 980-1077

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL REQUIRED BY RULE 17a-5

To the Member North Nassau Advisors, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of North Nassau Advisors, LLC, for the year ended December 31, 2007, we considered its internal control structure, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, we have made a study of the practices and procedures (including test of compliance with such practices and procedures) followed by North Nassau Advisors, LLC, that we considered relevant to the objective stated in Rule 17a-5(g). We also made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the procedure for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company related to the following: (1) in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13; (2) in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; and (3) in obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers as required by Rule 15c3-3.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the commission's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2007 to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report recognizes that it is not practicable in an organization the size of the Company to achieve all the division of duties and cross-checks generally included in a system of internal accounting control, and that alternatively, greater reliance must be placed on surveillance by management.

This report is intended solely for the use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the New York Stock Exchange and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers and should not be used for any other purpose.

February 27, 2008 Atlanta, Georgia

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